the police of this city to help him find his daughter, Mrs. Isaac Stibbing. Che-quette said he and his wife lived in Buf-falo forty years ago. They finally moved to Chicago. There a child was born, thirty-

ROYALIST HOPES RAISED.

Assurances from Secretary Gresham.

MONARCH GROCERY COMPANY

(INCORPORATED.)

84 East Washington St. TELEPHONE 1453.

Something Good for Sunday:

25c Fresh Oysters (per quart).. 25c 12c Spring Chickens (we dress 12c 30c Sweet Florida Oranges, per 30c 15c Fresh Concord and Catawba 15c 25c Duffey's finest Sweet Cider, 25c 65c Fancy Michigan Potatoes, 65c 17c Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz. 17c 17c Fresh Dalry Butter, per lb. 17c

28c Finest French Creamery 28c 20c French Peas (imported), per 20c Our Teas and Coffees are the finest, and we save you 50 per cent. in

5c BUTTERMILK SOAP, to-day 5c First-class, fresh, clean goods.

MONARCH GROCERY COMPANY | "NEPTUNE".....

Nothing else allowed in our store,

THE BIG

ONLY LINE Running Trains from Indianapolis Directly

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Without FERRY or TRANSFER - AND THE -

KNICKERBOCKER SPECIAL

MAKES THE RUN IN 22 1-2 HOURS

For tickets and full information call at Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington st., No. 36 Jackson place, Massachusetts avenue, and

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A. IT IS CONCEDED By all who travel that the C., H. & D. R. R. is the best line between

Indianapolis and Cincinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit. It is the only line leaving Indianapolis in the evening by which sleeping-car accom-modations can be secured for TOLEDO and DETROIT, reaching those places early following morning. Ticket Offices; No. 2 West Washington street, "Old Bee-Hive Corner." No. 134 South Illinois street, and Union Station.

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O—Chicago Limited, Puliman Vestied Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars,

No. 36— hicage Night Express, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches and Sleepers, daily 12:35 a.m. 7:40 a. n

For further information call at Union Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets, Union Station and Massachusetts avenue.

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NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

INSOMNIA, NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA MELANCHOLIA.

AND THE THOUSAND ILLS THAT FOLLOW A DERANGED CONDITION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

Are Cured by CEREBRINE THE EXTRACT OF THE BRAIN OF THE OX. MEPARED UNDER THE FORMULA OF

Dr. WILLIAM A. HAMMOND. IN HIS LABORATORY AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

DOSE, 6 DROPS. PRICE, PER PHIAL OF 2 DRACHME, \$2.50. COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Fair; cooler.

FOLLOW

CROWD

To-day, and it will lead you to the

WHEN

You will make no mistake if you see what

FREE

WOOL

PRICES Mean for you if you want a Suit or an Over-coat. It is the

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That is talking now.

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Importers, Jobbers Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc. (Wholesale Exclusively.)

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Sole Trade Agents in this market for the ARLINGTON COLLARS and

"WATER NYMPH"-New England, Two Hundred Eight.
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Forty, Twenty-five. Sanborn. Two Hundred and Seventeen. One Hundred, One Hundred and Ten. The best waterproof goods made. Mail orders given prompt attention.

"ARLINGTON"-Eighty.

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ask your dealer for the "Bell" brand, and see that the obstruction of the mails and commerce each shoe has the "Bell" trade mark on the bottom. If he all sixty-nine persons are included in the does not handle them do not buy a so-called "just-as-good," but write us, and we will give you the name of a live merchant who does.

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STATE AGENTS

BOSTON RUBBER CO

IN THE LAW'S

RAILWAY OFFICIALS AND SHIPPERS INDICTED AT CHICAGO.

Joseph W. Reinhart, Nelson Morris and Others Charged with Paying and Accepting Rebates.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19 .- The federal grand jury made a final report of the investigation of the rebates alleged to have been paid by the Santa Fe railroad in violation of the interstate-commerce law, and returned six indictments against the officials of the road and shippers, who, it is claimed, received rebates. One of the men indicated was Joseph W. Reinhart, ex-president of the company, and until recently one of the receivers of the road, and one of the shippers against whom a true bill was returned was Nelson Morris, the well-known Chicago packer. Joined in the same indictment with Mr. Reinhart was John A. Hanley, general freight traffic manager of the road, who resigned from his position about two weeks ago and is not now connected with the company. The names of the other persons included in the indictment were not disclosed by the federal officials, and will not be until warrants have been served. It is \$70,000 THEIR PRICE generally believed, however, that the other indictments are against Isaac Thompson, a shipper, of Kansas City; G. H. Hammond, of Hammond, Ind., another shipper, and a clerk in the employ of the Atchison road, who, it is alleged, made out the rebates. Mr. Reinhart was the general auditor of the Santa Fe at the time the offenses al-

leged in the indictments were committed. He subsequently was made president. The indictment charges that from April 1 to Nov. 1, 1892, Reinhart and Hanley, being agents of the company, received from Isaac Thompson, of Kansas City, shipments of cattle from Kansas City to Chicago, amounting in the aggregate to 178 cars. During this period the regular rate for live stock between those two points was cents per 100 pounds. This was the rate given in the tariffs filed in accordance with law with the Interstatecommerce Commission. Thompson was charged this rate, the indictment alhim by the company, but on Oct. 15 he was paid by the defendants a rebate of \$5 per car. The second count of the indictment charges that from Feb. 1 to Oct. 1, 1892, the defendants received from G. H. Hammond & Co. 596 carloads of cattle for shipment from Kansas City to Hammond, Ind. The legal rate was the same as in the case this rate. On Oct. 12, the indictment alleges, the defendants paid to W. P. Jenkins, an agent of G. W. Hammond & Co., a rebate of \$5 per car, or \$2,980. for receiving rebates in violation of the amended interstate-commerce law, charges that from March 1, 1892, to Dec. 1 of the same year, the packer shipped over the Santa Fe 1,200 carloads of cattle. The

pson, 231/2 cents, and the Hammond company was charged and paid freight at indictment against Nelson Morris i legal rate was 23½ cents per hundred pounds, but it is charged that a special rate was made for Morris. He was charged \$40 per car, which was \$16.60 less than the legal rate would have been. A second count charges that the packer, on March 1, entered into an agreement with Reinhart and Harley by which he was thereafter to dehis cattle to them for shipment, and in consideration of the agreement was to receive the illegal rate of \$40 per car. The indictment charges that he aided and abetted the agents of the road in discriminating unjustly against other shippers in violation of the law. The maximum penalty imposed on a shipper for negotiating illegal rates is a fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. No bench warrants for the indicted officials and shippers were issued to-day, but they will be issued to-

Ex-President Reinhart is said to be New York, and the warrant in his case will probably be sent there to be served by the marshal of that district. A warrant will be issued for Mr. Morris te-morrow.

Crushed by a Landslide. IRAPUATO, Mexico, Oct. 19.-F. G. Warren, a young civil engineer of Chicago, has arrived here more dead than alive from a journey across the Sierra Madre mountains. He started six months ago from the City of Oaxaca and crossed the mountains to the port of Salina Cruz. He then pro-ceeded along the coast of Colima, where he fell in with two Americans named James

West and George Crenshaw, both of Philawhen the rain began to pour down in tor rents. Mr. Warren was riding in advance death and Mr. Warren narrowly escaped.

Rumor Regarding Mgr. Satolli Confirmed at Gibbons's Residence.

confirmed the report that Mgr. Sa tolli will become a cardinal. In addition to the fact that the archbishop will b added the clergyman, is that he will prob time will intervene after the ceremony of the investiture and Mgr. Satolli proceed hands of the Pope is purely a matter of speculation. It may be six months or it may be a year, or even two years.

TEE MUCH SURPRISED.

Informed by a Witness that He Had Heard They Could Be Bought -The Stearns Place Closed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.-For weeks the members of the Lexow committee have been listening to the stories of the amounts of money paid for "protection" from the proprietors of soda-water fountains of the city up to the French transatlantic and Cunard steamship lines. But to-day the Senators were startled from their seats in the committee room to learn that even the Lexow investigating committee itself had been weighed in the balance by the gamleges, and the amount was collected from | blers, "green goods" men and pol' backers of the city. It was claimed that their price had been fixed at \$70,000. Counsel Moss, who is assisting chief counsel Goff in conducting the cross-examination, remarked when the bit of evidence was divulged: "These gentlemen proceed upon Sir Walpole's theory that every man has

The man who informed the committee from the witness stand that their reputations for honesty had been reduced to dollars and cents was George W. Kay, eight years ago a policy backer of this city, but now a reputable business man. He testified that he had heard that the committee could be bought for \$70,000.

"What's that?" inquired Senator Lexow angrily. Senator Bradley whistled softly. Senator Cantor only smiled, while Senator Robinson was thunderstruck. Mr. Goff inquired whether a pool was being made up for the purpose of securing "protection" from the committee, but the witness assured him that he knew nothing about it, f such an attempt was being made. There was the usual grind of cases dur-Stearns Commission Company, accused of dealing in bogus stocks, said that he could not find the detailed statements of his business asked for by the committee at the previous session. His answers were so unsatsfactory that the police were requested to arrest the proprietors of the place, and later in the day Superintendent Byrnes closed up the place. After recess two or three colored girls were called for the purpose of bearing witness to the fact that they had paid the poice one dollar a week for "protection

children of Mrs. Urchittel were brought into the room by an agent of the Hebrew Sheltering Arms Society and restored to their mother. There was an affecting The children rushed from the presence of Mr. Goff to the arms of their mother. An adjournment was then taken until next Wednesday. Fortune Waiting Mrs. Stibbing.

Just before the committee adjourned three

delphia, who were making a pleasure tour of Mexico. They proposed an overland trip across the mountains to the City of Mexico. About ten days ago they were passing through a mountain in the vicinity of Los Calchos, about ninety miles south of here. of his companions when, without warning, a terrible landslide occurred. West and Crenshaw were caught and crushed to

TO BE MADE A CARDINAL.

BALTIMORE, Dct. 19 .- A clergyman of Cardinal Gibbons's household to-day made a cardinal, the most that can be said ably be named as such at the next consistory, and that the next consistory will convene in Rome, most probably in December of this year. Upon his being named a cardinal Mgr. Satolli will receive the red beretta and be invested with his new dignity in the Cathedral at Baltimore. What ing to Rome to receive the red hat at the

MEMBERS OF THE LEXOW COMMIT-

grand jury against Graham.

A Murderer's Dying Protest.

A Defective Will. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.-Hiram Pearson, a California man who drowned in Lake Michigan several lem. When the case came up in the

A Banker Drops Dend. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENVILLE, O., Oct. 19 .- A. F. Koop a prominent citizen and banker of this city, dropped dead at 9 o'clock this morning, at BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Thomas his residence, just after himself and wife hequette, formerly of Chicago, has asked had returned from a visit to St. Mary's, O.

Its People Turned Out En Masse to Hear General Harrison.

Thirty-Five Thousand Listened to Eight Speeches Yesterday and Applauded the Words of Indiana's Statesman.

Ex-Queen Lil's Friends Encouraged by

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 19 .- The barkentine Amelia, from Honolulu, brings Spirited and to the Point. news that Queen Liliuokalani's emissaries

in Washington city, Parker and Wideman, had returned with personal assurances from Secretary of State Gresham that in the event of another revolution in Hawaii the United States government would remain neutral. Captain Ward, of the Amelia, was told by Samuel Parker that similar assurances had been received from Admiral Walker, of the Philadelphia. This news has been generally circulated through the island and caused a feeling that hostilities between the royalists and provisionalists might be resumed at any time. The royalists sadly need firearms and money with which to successfully inaugurate a revolution. The opinion prevails in Honolulu that the Queen has a represen-tative in Europe for this purpose. Captain Ward was the guest of a family residing next door to the Queen's residence, and scouted the idea of the Queen going insane. She is in the best of health, fondly

anticipating the event of restoration to the throne. Nothing was known in the islands about her contemplated suit against the United States for \$2,000,000 damages for the loss of the throne. Captain Ward believes the royalists will attempt to restore her to power before long, and prophecies the next revolution will be not altogether

OMNIBUS INDICTMENT.

Debs and Sixty-Eight Others Charged with Violence During the Big Strike.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19 .- The federal grand jury to-day returned an omnibus indictment against Debs and the officers of the A. R. U. and a large number of persons charged with participation in violence and all sixty-nine persons are included in the blanket indictment. The grand jury of last summer called to investigate the strike brought in a large number of indictments, one for each read, in which Debs and the other officers of the union were charged with conspiring with the persons on the various roads who committed acts of violence. It was feared that if a conviction was not secured on one of these indictments the government might be barred from trying the officers on the others for the reason that the conspiracy alleged is prac-tically the same and the officers are defendants in all the cases. In order to avoid any danger on that score the om-nibus affair, on which all officers and strikers may be tried at once, was returned The indictments include but a tew defendants who are not in the other indictments.

AN OHIO NEGRO'S CRIME.

Widow Beaten and Criminally Assaulted Near Newark.

NEWARK, O., Oct. 19 .- A negro came this afternoon to the home of Mrs. Catherine Niebling, a widow aged fifty-three, in the outskirts of the cky, stepped in the door, and asked the time of day. She turned from her ironing to look at the clock. The negro knocked her insensible, tied her hands and gagged her with strips of clothing that she had been ironing, as-saulted her person, threw her into the cellar and disappeared. Half an hour later she recovered, crawled to a neighbor's and gave the alarm. A physician found Niebing' nose mashed, her body bruised and lacerated and her nerves prostrated. The police immediately arrested Magruder and his brother, and Benjamin Ward, a stranger, who boarded with them. Mrs. Niebling identified Ward as her assailant. He is in jail, heavily guarded. Excitement is intense, but there are no immediate apprehensions of lynch-

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair and Slightly Cooler in Northern Indiana To-Day. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 .- For Ohio-Generally fair in interior; possibly light local showers on the lake; slightly cooler in northern portion; south winds, becoming

variable. For Indiana-Fair; east to south winds: slightly cooler in northern portion. For Illinois-Generally fair; east to south

Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 19. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre. 7 A.M. 29.98 58 63 Seast. Pt.cloudy 0.00 7 P.M. 29.90 73 41 South. Clear. T. Maximum temperature, 80: minimum temperature, 55. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation. Oct.

Departure from normal xcess or deficiency since Oct. 1. Excess or deliciency since Jan. 1 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official.

Arrested Without Cause.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Oct. 18.-The grand jury, which has just closed its labors, brought in a bill against Capt, "Jack" Graham, marshal of Jersey City, for assault and false imprisonment. The complainant was Charles E. Bell, treasurer of Hillsboro Manufacturing Company, Hillsboro, O. While on a visit to Asbury Park, in August, he was arrested and imprisoned under the direction of Marshal Graham, charged with pocket picking. Graham ordered Captain Rogers, police off cer, to make the arrest, declaring that h knew Bell to be a well-known criminal When the case came before 'Squire Border of Asbury Park, for a hearing, Graham left town after assuring the justice that he could substantiate his charges. Bell became indignant and made good his threat to return from Ohio and appear before the

FORT MADISON, Ia., Oct. 19.-When murderer James O. Dooley stepped upon the scaffold in the penitentiary this afternoon, he was firm and composed. Sheriff Eldridge took him by the hand and asked him if he had anything to say. He replied "I have." Addressing those present, he said: "You have violated the law. The law allows but seventeen persons to witness an execution and there are twentyfive present now and more coming. A poor man can violate the law and he suffers the penalty. A rich man can do the same and he goes free. I hope God will forgive your sins as I know mine are." He was then pinioned and the noose and black cap adjusted. The drop was about seven feet and death was instantaneous.

ago, bequeathed \$100,000 of his estate in his will to the orphan asylums of San Fran-cisco, but failed to designate the particular ones which he desired to share in the legacy. As a result Probate Judge Coffee is confronted with a somewhat novel prob bate Court to-day, representatives of eleven charitable institutions were there to de-mand a share of the money. No decision

Gen. Harrison Makes a Short Speech

to Chicago. There a child was born, thirtythree years ago. She was named Clara.
Chequette and his wife quarreled twenty
years ago and separated. His wife embarked in business. She made money rapidly. Her daughter, nine years ago, was
married to Isaac Stibbing, the advance
agent for a circus. They left Chicago and
came to Buffalo to live. The girl's mother
died a few weeks ago in Chicago. When her
will was opened it was found that she had
bequeathed all of her fortune to her husband and child. The police believe they
will be able to restore the missing woman
to her father.

DEMOCRACY NOT SPARED

All the Ex-President's Utterances

First Stop at Noblesville and the Second at Cicero, Where the Glassmakers Quit Work to Welcome Their Friend.

GREAT CROWD AT TIPTON

And Big Assemblages of Cheering People at Kokomo and Marion.

Speech to Soldiers at the Latter City-A Talk to Farmers at Warren and Addresses at Bluffton and Decatur.

glass products made by the Arcadia works. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 19.-General Harrison's second speech-making trip was Democracy Charged with Responsiunder much more favorable conditions Tipton, of that county which has suffered so much from local Democratic misthe Weather Bureau ing amends for the drizzling rule and defalcation, not to mention the depression from the Democratic hard of the Evansville trip by furnishing an extra quality of fine autumn ezone for the times, turned out en masse to hear the journey to Fort Wayne, that citadel of statesman. Although the place of speak-Democracy recently stormed and taken by ing was at the Lake Erie junction, far rethe zealous Republicans, with Col. C. H. moved from the center of the town, the Oakley at their head. Mayor Oakley had crowd was a large one, numbering about gone down to Indianapolis to pilot the party three thousand people, a considerable part to the newly-obtained Republican territory, of which were the farmers from the counand he was confident that Fort Wayne's try around, They listened with particularly close attention to the tariff remarks of the man who had given so much deep

reception to the distinguished statesman would be gratifying, one that would make glad the hearts of the party managers. R. B. F. Peirce, of the I., D. & S. road, furnished his private car for General Harrison's immediate party, while a parlor coach answered the requirements of the newspaper men and the speakers who were to drop off along the wayside to fill engagements. On the train, when it left Indianapolis, besides General Harrison and his private secretary, Mr. Tibbot, were Daniel M. Ransdell, Secretary Seeds, of the State central committee, Hon. C. W. Fairbanks, Hon. W. L. Taylor, Hon. Frank B. Posey, of the First district, Hon. A. C. Dailey, candidate for Auditor of State, Hon. Thomas H. Nelson, Addison C. Harris, Hon. Marcus L. Sulzer, R. B. F. Peirce, Mayor Oakley, of Fort Wayne, Hon. Geo. L. Knox, Gabriel L. Jones, Nicholas Ousley and Hon. John L. Griffiths. Ex-State Senator Robert H. Graham, John F. Neal and Joel Stafford composed a committee from Noblesville that accompanied the train from Indianapolis to the county seat of Hamilton, the first stop on the schedule. A few minutes after 9 o'clock the train left the Indianapolis Union Station over the Lake Erie & Western road. General Har-

and as strongly as the voice of a much younger man.

rison was in the good health of his Evans-

ville trip, and his voice, as he greeted his

friends at the station, sounded as clearly

AT NOBLESVILLE. Speech on the Unfulfilled Campaign Promises of Democracy.

At Noblesville the train drew up alongside control of the government completely in al the courthouse yard, at 9:45, and on every side were flags waving. From every winwar with a platform declaration that it dow of Hamilton county's handsome courtwas going to revolutionize the tariff police house little flags had been thrown to the fication; it was not to be a change in the morning breeze, and the stand which had style of the house, but the house was t been erected in the west end of the yard come down-to come down to the ground. The structure was to be laid out on new was covered with streamers, while a large flag floated over the crowd. The yard was It was the policy of demolition that it proclaimed; and so soon as the business filled with people from the stand far back men discovered that the party had the to the steps of the courthouse, over a hunpower to do this they assumed a waiting dred feet away. Fully three thousand people heard the General speak, and the mornufacture goods; we can't afford to run these mills until we know what is going ing was so clear and bright that the high spirits of the young people, scattered on the outskirts of the big crowd, brought out to this in a position of expectancy, anxious expectancy, waiting to see whether the tariff legislation would proceed on such a ceaseless hum of voices, interrupted now and then by the heavy cheering from the lines as would enable the people to con-duct the business in which they had been center of the big crowd, where the words engaged. They tell us that times are imof the ex-President were more plainly proving. I hope they are. Thank God the Republican party has never yet made use heard. In the windows of the courthouse of the adversities of this country for its were lithographic likenesses of General Harrison. Congressman Dan Waugh had success. (Applause). been entertaining the crowd for half an the sheen on it was brightest, those were hour before the arrival of the train, but the days of Republican success. The Demwhen General Harrison alighted from the ocratic party was without experience in governmental management and the ques train he turned about and gave the word tion now is whether we shall allow it to for three cheers. General Harrison said, go on with its tinkering. Can a country

upon being introduced by Mr. Waugh:

"My Fellow-citizens-I have before me a

pretty hard day's work, but this large as-

sembly and this cordial welcome I hope

will prove a stimulus to carry me through the day. I greet with great pleasure these good citizens of one of the greatest of Indiana's counties-great in its resources, but greater still, I think, in the loyalty, intelligence and conservatism of the people and the good order of its communities. seems to be indications this year that the people have made up their minds that the party administration of the affairs of this Nation has something to do with the business prosperity of the people. I think our Democratic friends admitted this in the last campaign. They were perhaps then in-clined to exaggerate the influence of politics and of political successes on the business of the country. They assured you, I think, that Democratic success would mean the bringing in of a great wave of prosperity that the depression which prevailed in some branches of agriculture would at once b relieved; that the low price of wheat would be followed by high prices, and, in a word, that the whole country would be, as their song went, 'in clover.' (Laughter.) They exaggerated the positive influences of executive and legislative policies upon the general prosperity of the country, but the policies have much to do with it. The tariff question touches the business of the country closely, the financial question, the character of our coin and the character of our paper issues all influence the business of the people. But our Democratic friends sion they had of the influence of these things. Now that things have turned out so differently from what they prophesied they are making excuses. I think I have heard some of them say that panics are periodical, and that this is a periodical period. You know how our doctors, especially in this country, that used to be an ague country, but is such no longer, used to talk about periodicity. So our Demo cratic friends are trying to make you be-lieve that this is a case of periodicity. "A political party and political managers ought to deal fairly with the people. Performance ought to be the attendant and ndmaid of a promise. Since our Democerely, and then assured you that Democratic success would be the direct and suffi-cient cause of bringing prosperity, we are entitled to hold them this year to responsi-bility for that sad failure which the people have witnessed."

TO GLASSWORKERS.

at the Big Cicero Plant. At Cicero, a few miles north of Noblesville, is the immense Mode glass plant, and

factory to hear General Harrison that a committee had been sent to Indianapolis the day before. Although the committee arrived in the evening, it insisted on seeing General Harrison in person in order that Big Demonstration at Fort Wayne it might be assured of a speech. Secretary in Honor of the General. Seeds, however, promised to see that a stop was made, and the committee went home satisfied. So the train slowed up at the glass works, which are close by the railroad, while General Harrison went out on Streets Jammed with People to See and the rear platform of his car and made a Hear the Famous Expounder of short address. From where he stood he could see the furnaces and the men lifting Republican Doctrines. huge molten balls of glass from the fiery openings. There was a rush to the train from the works, and several hundred work-

them better times. The plant employs five hundred men when running at its full ca-Brief Address to the Crowd That pacity-the capacity under a protective system-but this summer it was idle for two Surged in Front of the Hotel, months and last year the fires were drawn for seven months. Only recently the men started to work again. John Long, secretary of the local branch of the Glass Work-And a Lengthy Speech in the Evening at ers' Union, mounted the platform from which General Harrison was speaking and, the Princess Rink, Which Was in behalf of the workingmen, presented him Filled with 5,000 People. with a glass cane and some ornamental

ingmen crowded around the man who was speaking for a system that was to bring

to his entrance to the gas belt, he said

there was to be found the best Illustration

market for the products of the farms.

At Arcadia the train slowed up for a

minute or two while the ex-President step-

people who were gathered around a long

banner, reciting in a general way the un-

filled pledges of President Cleveland. By

the side of the banner were samples of the

SPEECH AT TIPTON.

billty for the Hard Times.

Said General Harrison:

has been without profit. He has attempts to save himself from loss by shutting dow

ent American workman has been con pelled to appeal to his fellowmen for help

beginning of it was coincident in time wit the success of the Democratic party. The

has nothing to do with the question

who your Congressman is, much less is

a question who your grocer is. It is

question of the principles and policies of the party that is in control of the govern-

"The Democratic party entered on

of this country. It was not to be a modi

ines on the ground as well as in the air.

"So this country has stood from that day

"When the flag floated highest and when

afford to educate that party into a ea-

question. The old doctor has been so long

out of practice that he has forgotten; he

has lost all his knowledge of the materia

would produce. I do not think we can

afford now to educate the Democratic party

in government. We had better call in the

old party that took this country from Dem

over it; took it with a bankrupt treasury took it when its arsenals had been robbe

ocratic hands when the threat of war was

to arm its enemies: took it when dark

clouded by fear, and set the foundation of

the government upon the rock and its flag nearer to the skies from which it was

At Tipton a committee from Kokomo,

consisting of J. F. Elliott, D. C. Spraker,

James O'Brien, O. A. Somers, Henry L.

Moreland, Charles Dimmitt, Harry Overly,

J. A. Kautz and B. F. Harris, came on

7,000 AT KOKOMO.

An Enormous Crowd of People Hear a

Good Speech by the General.

When Kokomo was reached the party

was in the center of one of the good Re-

publican counties of the State, and the size

of the crowd made this fact at once ap-

parent. General Harrison had the largest

audience of his season of short speeches,

fully 7,000 crowding around the rear of the

train, which stopped at one of the principal

streets of the city, opposite the court-

house. The schedule confined the speaker

to a twenty-minute address at this place.

though the people were anxious to hear

It was a great day for Kokomo, and the

citizens in the neighborhood of the point

where the train stopped were somewhat

pretentious in their decorations. The tel-

egraph poles and the lamp posts were

twined with bunting, from windows grace-

fully swung festoons of the same stuff,

and across the railway tracks from the

Grand Opera House to a building on the

opposite corner was a long streamer that

hung immediately over the speaker's head.

From the flagstaff of the courthouse floated

the national emblem, to which General

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

him for a longer while.

the train to accompany it to their city.

fashioned than ever before."

night was over it and men's hopes were

medica, and he has been experimenting

to find out what effect particular medicin

TIN TIMESTEE

who is President; it is not a question

ped out on the platform and bowed to the

glass work, which they offered as a testimonial of their respect and admiration. General Harrison spoke briefly. Referring THE PANIC AND ITS CAUSE

COMPELLED TO SPEAK TWICE

of what protection to American manufacturers would do for a community. The peo-Some Forcible Remarks by the ple in the gas belt, he said, knew that the Ex-President on the Subject. establishment of manufactories made a

> Business Depression Wholly Due to Fears that Democracy Would Carry Out Its Industry-Wrecking Threats.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 19 .- General Harrison's special train from Indianapolis arrived at this former stronghold of Demeeracy about an hour behind schedule time. The demonstrations at Marion and other places during the day were large and enthusiastic, but the one here was equal and was the surprise of the trip. At the Pennsylvania station, at Calhoun street. were 3,000 people, and some of the newspaper men on the train thought this was a pretty big crowd for Fort Wayne on a Republican occasion. But the 3,000 was just one end of the crowd, which extended in a wing down Calhoun street as far as the eye could reach. Carridges were ready for the ex-President and his friends, Chairman Charles D. Everett, of the Republican study to the question. On a corner of the county committee, assisted by his execustation platform was the stand from which tive committee, doing the bonors of the General Harrison spoke. Frequently was reception. The Soldiers' and Sons' Repubhe applauded, and when the train pulled lican Club, 400 strong, and wearing the out a hearty cheer was given. Mr. John blue that the veterans love so much, formed A. Swoveland escorted the speaker to the the escort for General Harrison's carriage. stand and W. S. Lindsay, the Tipton coun-Four bands were in line, three from Fort ty committee chairman, introduced him. Wayne and one from Huntertown. The At this point General Harrison had an opreception committee, composed of business portunity to address the crowd in all dimen of the city, marched on foot; there rections, the stand being in the center of it would hardly have been a sufficient number of vehicles in the city to have carried "We have had hard times, and the hardness has touched every one. The capitalist them, so many marched in line. Capt. A. who had money invested in bonds and Bradley was marshal of the procession. stocks has found their value enormousi; When the head of the column reached the shrunk. His interest has been defaulted his checks have been passed and his wealth greatly curtailed. The manufacturer who depended upon the profit of his mil Aveline House, three-quarters of a mile from the station, the carriages with the visitors had not started. The line extended fully a mile when it was all under way the mill and putting out the fires. He has All along the march on Calhoun street the been contented to lose the interest on the walks were jammed with people, and in investment in his plant. The workingman whose entire support of his wife and chil some places the police had to make way through the street for the procession. In dren and his own maintenance was in his daily wages, has found it all swept away, and he has been fortunate if he had a little front of the hotel, where the party registered, were fully 6,000 people, the largest store to watch to tide him over. Many a stalwart, honest, hard-working, independ number ever gathered on this spot, famous for its political gatherings. The continuous cheering induced General Harrison to a thing he had never done before. This condition has come upon us following a period of the highest prosperity; and the come out on the balcony and make a brief address, thanking the people for their magnificent demonstration, which he felt was in honor of the great principles of the Republican party, now taking its old place in

> Old Aflen county did itself proud in the warmth of the applause bestowed on the ex-President, and its evident political change of heart. James G. Blaine spoke from the same balcony ten years ago, but the crowd this evening was much larger than on that day. The quaint old courthouse, just across the way, echoed back the cheers. It was a field day for Republicans in the county. At noon a procession of farmers entered the town after an old custom in vogue politically in the country many years ago. In the morning, at a stated hour, country delegations rendezthe cardinal points of the compass to the city, picking up delegations on the way. Three or four thousand people were in these delegations.

the hearts of the American people.

AT THE RINK.

Full Five Thousand People Packed Into the Structure. A week ago to-night Evansville, down in the southwest corner of the State, was ablaze in honor of General Harrison's visit, and this evening, up in the northeastern corner. Fort Wayne tried to make him feel

at home with as much cordiality as the presence of five thousand enthusiastic auditors could convey. And almost as many tried hard enough to join in the greetings, but could not get in the immense Princess Rink, at Main and Fulton streets. It is not recalled in Fort Wayne that so large a meeting was ever held before. Half the capacity of the rink was given to chairs, which were filled at 7 o'clock, and the rest of the space was taken by people who stood up a half hour before General Harrison appeared. When the Republican State convention was in Fort Wayne two years ago it was estimated that forty-five hundred people found their way into the rink, and this was the banner attendance until tonight, when the five-thousand mark was easily reached, with every foot of available space occupied. Silk flags were used almost entirely in the decorations, single ones hanging in parts of the hall, while festoons of them were draped over the platform from which General Harrison spoke. Pictures of Lincoln, Washington, Harrison and Garfield were prominent. Brilliant arg lights made the place as bright as day. A few minutes before 8 o'clock the Soldiers' Club, with half a thousand men in line, marched to the notel and drew up in front of it. A brass band had been stationed near by and had been serenading the distinguished guest for some time Many of the business men who had marched with the escort from the station in the afternoon were again in line at night, although it was not intended to make the evening parade a demonstration. As the march to the rink was taken up a sprin-

kie of rain fell, but it did not discomfort the men in the column. From Calhoun street the procession turned into Main street, and out that thoroughfare to the rink, a half dozen blocks distant. The sidewalks were dense with people, who took this opportunity of seeing General Harrison, having been unable to get in the rink. When the rink was reached the party found the same difficulty experienced at Evansville-that of ploughing the way through the closely packed crowd. Cheer after cheer went up when an unusual stir at the door told those within that General

Harrison had arrived, and there